Quiz Chs. 8-9

| Physics 100 | Prof. Menningen | 4/11/18 | Name: | KEY | |
|------------------|------------------------|------------|------------------------|-----------------|--------------|
| 1. (2 pts) The e | emissions of particula | tes due to | the burning of coal ca | an be reduced b | y the use of |

- a. electrostatic precipitators b. wet scrubbers
 - c. fluidized limestone d. catalytic converters
- 2. (2 pts) Smog in major cities is primarily a consequence of
 - a. dust generated by industrial manufacturing processes.
 - b. evaporation of acidified puddles and reservoirs of water.
 - c. inadequate emission controls on coal-fired power plants.
 - d. emission of $\ensuremath{\text{NO}}_x$ and hydrocarbons by vehicles.
- 3. (2 pts) What is the primary source of carbon monoxide pollution?
 - a. industrial processes b. transportation
 - c. landfill emissions d. coal-fired power plants
- 4. (2 pts) Besides polluting the air we breathe, what other effect does smog have on the environment? a. It leads to deforestation which reduces the amount of CO₂ in the atmosphere.
 - b. It reflects more light into space, decreasing the atmospheric warming rate.
 - c. It suppresses plant growth, increasing the rate at which CO_2 is absorbed into the biomass.
 - d. It artificially fertilizes lakes, producing algae blooms.

How much CO₂ is emitted by an average US household each year? Let's make an estimate.

5. $_{(3pts)}$ The family drives cars that have a 20 mpg fuel efficiency for a combined total of 25,000 miles annually. How much CO₂ (in kg) do their automobiles produce if 9.0 kg of CO₂ is emitted per gallon of gasoline? {Do **not** enter any commas or scientific notation for clicker submission}

25,000 mi
$$\times \frac{1 \text{ gal}}{20 \text{ mi}} = 1,250 \text{ gal} \times \frac{9.0 \text{ kg}}{\text{gal}} = 11,250 \text{ kg}$$

6. (3 pts) The household draws most of its electricity from a coal-fired power plant, which emits 0.836 kg of CO₂ per kWh of electricity it generates. If the major electrical needs are the following, how much CO₂ (in kg) is produced due to electricity consumption each year?

| Item | Hrs/day | Power (kW) |
|--------------------|---------|------------|
| Furnace / AC | 6.0 | 1.5 |
| Kitchen appliances | 3.0 | 7.5 |
| Lighting | 8.0 | 0.60 |

| $E = (1.5 \mathrm{kW})(6 \mathrm{h}) + (7.5 \mathrm{kW})(6 \mathrm{h})$ |)(3h) | |
|---|---------------------|------|
| + (| $(0.6 \mathrm{kW})$ | (8h) |

 $= 36.3 \text{ kWh/day} \times 365 \text{ day} = 13,250 \text{ kWh}$

 $13,250 \text{ kWh} \times 0.836 \text{ kg/kWh} = 11,077 \text{ kg}$

7. (3 pts) The family heats its home with natural gas, burning 750 therms over the course of a year. If each therm releases 5.45 kg of CO₂, what is the <u>total</u> amount of CO₂ (in kg) released by the family (from cars, electricity, and natural gas) in one year?

750 therm
$$\times \frac{5.45 \text{ lb}}{\text{therm}} = \frac{4088 \text{ kg}}{26,415 \text{ kg}} \implies 11,250+11,077+4088 \text{ kg} = 26,415 \text{ kg}$$

$$= 26,415 \text{ kg} \times 2.2 \text{ lb/kg} = 58,113 \text{ lb} = 29.1 \text{ tons}$$

8. (3 pts) By how much would CO₂ emissions (in kg) be *reduced* if the family replaced their cars with hybrids that got 50 mpg, but still drove 25,000 miles annually?

$$25,000 \text{ mi} \times \frac{1 \text{ gal}}{50 \text{ mi}} = 500 \text{ gal}$$
$$1,250 - 500 \text{ gal} = 750 \text{ gal} \times 9.0 \text{ kg/gal} = 6750 \text{ kg} = 7.4 \text{ tons saved!}$$

9. (+3 pts) Would you like your bonus points from the class quiz? A. yes B. no 10. (+2 pts) Did you submit your quiz via clicker? A. yes B. no